

QUIZ 3 (ANALYSIS II)

Feb 7, 2020 (in tutorial)

Name: _____

- (1) Let m and n be non-negative integers with $m \leq n$, $d = n - m$, $\mathbf{R}^n = \mathbf{R}^d \times \mathbf{R}^m$ be the usual decomposition, and $U \subset \mathbf{R}^n$ an open neighbourhood of $\mathbf{0} \in \mathbf{R}^n$. Let $\varphi: U \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^m$ be a continuous map with $\varphi(\mathbf{0}) = \mathbf{0}$, and $\psi: U \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^n$ the map given by the formula $\psi(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = (\mathbf{x}, \varphi(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}))$, $(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \in \mathbf{R}^d \times \mathbf{R}^m = \mathbf{R}^n$. Suppose (a) ψ is one-to-one, (b) $V = \psi(U)$ is open in \mathbf{R}^n , and (c) the inverse map $\psi^{-1}: V \rightarrow U$ is continuous. Show that the equation

$$\varphi(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \mathbf{0} \tag{*}$$

can be “solved implicitly for \mathbf{y} as a function of \mathbf{x} ” in a neighbourhood of $\mathbf{0} \in \mathbf{R}^d$, i.e. show that there exists an open subset W in \mathbf{R}^d containing $\mathbf{0}$ and a *continuous* map $\mathbf{f}: W \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^m$ with $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{0}) = \mathbf{0}$ such that for every $\mathbf{x} \in W$, $(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})) \in U$ and $\varphi(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})) = \mathbf{0}$. (The function \mathbf{f} is called implicit function associated to (*) and $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})$ the implicit solution of (*).)

- (2) Let $(V, \|\cdot\|)$ be a finite dimensional normed linear space over \mathbf{K} where $\mathbf{K} \in \{\mathbf{R}, \mathbf{C}\}$. Suppose $A: V \rightarrow V$ is a linear transformation such that $\|A\|_L < 1$ where $\|\cdot\|_L$ is the operator norm. Show that $I - A$ is invertible where I is the identity map on V .

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