

# Assignment 2

March 29, 2017

1. Show that any 3-regular 2-edge-connected graph  $G = (V, E)$  (not necessarily bipartite) has a perfect matching. A 2-edge-connected graph has at least two edges across any cut  $(S, V \setminus S)$ ,  $S \subset V, S \neq \emptyset$ .
2. Could there be several minimizers  $U$  in the Tutte-Berge formula? Either give a graph with several sets  $U$  achieving the minimum or prove that the set  $U$  is unique.
3. **Unique set cover problem:** We are given a set of  $n$  elements and a collection of  $m$  subsets of the elements. The goal is to pick out a number of subsets so as to maximize the number of *uniquely covered* elements, those that are contained in exactly one of the picked subsets. (Note that the cost or number of subsets picked is not important.)
  - (a) Consider the following algorithm: for some number  $p < 1$ , the algorithm picks each subset independently with probability  $p$ . Assuming that every element is contained in exactly  $F$  subsets, compute the expected number of uniquely covered elements. For what value of  $p$  is this expectation maximized?
  - (b) Assuming that each element is contained in at least  $F/2$  subsets and at most  $F$  subsets, give a constant factor approximation to unique set cover using the algorithm in part 3a.
  - (c) Extend the algorithm to obtain an  $O(\log m)$  approximation in general, without assumptions on the frequency of any element. (*Hint: Try reducing this case to the case mentioned in part 3b.*)
  - (d) Can you improve the approximation from part 3c to a factor of  $O(\log n)$ ? (*Hint: Can you limit the number of sets under consideration to only  $n$ ?*)
4. Suppose we run the Misra-Gries algorithm on two streams  $A_1, A_2$  and obtain a set of  $k$  (element, counter) pairs for each of them. The goal is to merge these  $k$  counters to get  $k$  counters for a single stream obtained by concatenation of  $A_1, A_2$ . Consider the following algorithm for this:
  - (a) Combine the two sets of counters, adding up the counters for common elements.
  - (b) If more than  $k$  counters remain, then let  $c =$  value of  $(k + 1)$ th counter based on increasing order of value. Reduce each counter by  $c$  and delete all the pairs with non-positive counters.

Show that the resulting set of (element,counter) pairs satisfy the frequency estimate bound  $f_j - \frac{m}{k} \leq \hat{f}_j \leq f_j$  for the concatenated stream.