

## Quantum Mechanics 2, Autumn 2011 CMI

Problem set 10

Due by beginning of class on Monday October 31, 2011

### Scattering Theory

1. Find the S-matrix for scattering from an attractive  $\delta$  well in one dimension,  $H = \frac{p^2}{2m} - g\delta(x)$ . You may use the known results for the transmitted and reflected amplitudes for the standard scattering problems.
2. Verify that the S-matrix for the delta potential well is unitary.
3. Find the pole(s) of the S-matrix in the complex  $k$ -plane and compare the energy  $E = \hbar^2 k^2 / 2m$  at the pole(s) with the energies of the bound states in this potential.
4. Consider the 1d scattering problem for an asymptotically vanishing real potential  $V(x)$  with asymptotic amplitudes

$$\psi(x) \rightarrow \begin{cases} Ae^{ikx} + Be^{-ikx} & \text{as } x \rightarrow -\infty \\ Ce^{ikx} + De^{-ikx} & \text{as } x \rightarrow +\infty \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

Show that the S-matrix is unitary, i.e.,

$$\left\langle \begin{pmatrix} A \\ D \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} A' \\ D' \end{pmatrix} \right\rangle = \left\langle S \begin{pmatrix} A \\ D \end{pmatrix}, S \begin{pmatrix} A' \\ D' \end{pmatrix} \right\rangle \quad (2)$$

Hint: Consider the Wronskian  $W(\psi_1^*(x), \psi_2(x))$  where  $\psi_1, \psi_2$  are two scattering eigenstates with the same energy  $E$

$$\psi_1(x) \rightarrow \begin{cases} Ae^{ikx} + Be^{-ikx} & \text{as } x \rightarrow -\infty \\ Ce^{ikx} + De^{-ikx} & \text{as } x \rightarrow +\infty \end{cases}, \quad \psi_2(x) \rightarrow \begin{cases} A'e^{ikx} + B'e^{-ikx} & \text{as } x \rightarrow -\infty \\ C'e^{ikx} + D'e^{-ikx} & \text{as } x \rightarrow +\infty. \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

5. Consider scattering in 3d against a potential  $V(r)$ . Calculate the gradient of the scattered wave  $\psi(\vec{r}) = f(\theta, \phi) \frac{e^{ikr}}{r}$  and find its leading behavior as  $r \rightarrow \infty$ .