

Quicksort

Setup

- Set recursion limit to `maxint`, $2^{31} - 1$
 - This is the highest value Python allows
- Import `time` to time executions

```
In [1]: import sys
sys.setrecursionlimit(2**31-1)
import time
```

```
In [2]: def quicksort(L,l,r): # Sort L[l:r]
        if (r - l <= 1):
            return
        (pivot,lower,upper) = (L[l],l+1,l+1)
        for i in range(l+1,r):
            if L[i] > pivot: # Extend upper segment
                upper = upper+1
            else: # Exchange L[i] with start of upper segment
                (L[i], L[lower]) = (L[lower], L[i])
                # Shift both segments
                (lower,upper) = (lower+1,upper+1)
        # Move pivot between lower and upper
        (L[l],L[lower-1]) = (L[lower-1],L[l])
        lower = lower-1
        # Recursive calls
        quicksort(L,l,lower)
        quicksort(L,lower+1,upper)
        return
```

Small input to check correctness

```
In [3]: qlist = [1,3,5,0,2,4,17,2,-5,6,4,3]
quicksort(qlist,4,8)
print(qlist)
```

```
[1, 3, 5, 0, 2, 2, 4, 17, -5, 6, 4, 3]
```

Quicksort performance

- Random input of size 10^6
- Sorted inputs of size 2×10^4

```
In [4]: import random
random.seed(2023)
inputlists = {}
inputlists["random"] = [random.randrange(100000000) for i in range(1000000)]
inputlists["ascending"] = [i for i in range(15000)]
inputlists["descending"] = [i for i in range(14999,-1,-1)]
for k in inputlists.keys():
    tmlist = inputlists[k][:]
    starttime = time.perf_counter()
    quicksort(tmlist,0,len(tmlist))
    elapsed = time.perf_counter() - starttime
    print(k,elapsed)
```

```
random 2.440271896000013
ascending 4.733194645999902
descending 6.899413855000148
```

Randomized quicksort

- Choose the pivot position uniformly at random between `l` and `r-1`
- Swap pivot to `L[l]` and proceed as usual

```
In [5]: import random
def quicksortrand(L,l,r): # Sort L[l:r]
    if (r - l <= 1):
        return(L)

    # Choose a random position between l and r-1 as pivot, swap with L[l]
    randpivot = random.randrange(r-l)
    (L[l],L[l+randpivot]) = (L[l+randpivot],L[l])

    # Rest is same as before
    (pivot,lower,upper) = (L[l],l+1,l+1)
    for i in range(l+1,r):
        if L[i] > pivot: # Extend upper segment
            upper = upper+1
        else: # Exchange L[i] with start of upper segment
            (L[i], L[lower]) = (L[lower], L[i])
            # Shift both segments
            (lower,upper) = (lower+1,upper+1)
    # Move pivot between lower and upper
    (L[l],L[lower-1]) = (L[lower-1],L[l])
    lower = lower-1
    # Recursive calls
    quicksortrand(L,l,lower)
    quicksortrand(L,lower+1,upper)
    return(L)
```

```
In [6]: import random
random.seed(2023)
inputlists = {}
inputlists["random"] = [random.randrange(100000000) for i in range(1000000)]
inputlists["ascending"] = [i for i in range(15000)]
inputlists["descending"] = [i for i in range(14999,-1,-1)]
inputlists["ascendingbig"] = [i for i in range(1000000)]
inputlists["descendingbig"] = [i for i in range(999999,-1,-1)]
for k in inputlists.keys():
    tmlist = inputlists[k][:]
    starttime = time.perf_counter()
    quicksortrand(tmlist,0,len(tmlist))
    elapsed = time.perf_counter() - starttime
    print(k,elapsed)
```

```
random 2.6367314690000967
ascending 0.033154242999899
descending 0.02195621900000333
ascendingbig 2.069635259000279
descendingbig 1.9497650219996103
```